

TCS Geomagnetic observations

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[he EPOS SP project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement N° 871121 📑



Geo-electromagnetic data

EGMODA (European Geomagnetic Model and Data Archive)

- Existing services: INTERMAGNET, WDC for geomagnetism Edinburgh, IMAGE
- Existing international efforts: main and crustal field modelling under IAGA auspices (IGRF, WDMAM,...)

ESGI (European Service of Geomagnetic Indices)

 Based on existing services:
ISGI and ISGI-Collaborating Institutes: Service on Rapid Magnetic Variations (Ebro Obs.), Kp service; IMAGE EMTDAMO (European Service of Magnetotelluric Data and Models)

• Developed during EPOS implementation phase

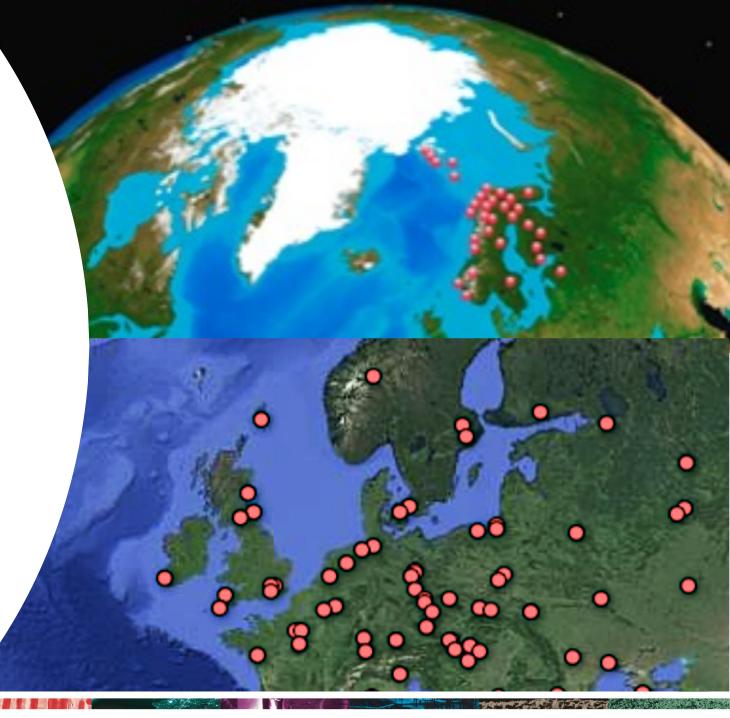


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EGMODA

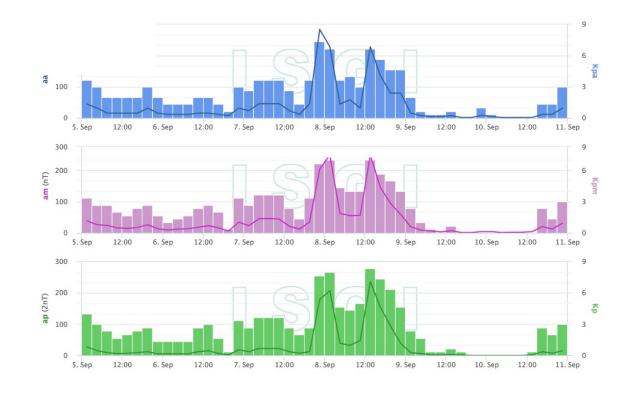
The European Geomagnetic and Model Archive provides users, ranging from academics to the public, with a single entry point to a wealth of geomagnetic data and models from around the world. These data and models are currently held in a variety of formats, software and locations. EGMODA makes all these impediments to access and exploitation invisible and irrelevant to potential users, opening up cross-disciplinary possibilities for scientists and others.





ESGI

The **European Service of Geomagnetic Indices** will provide users direct access to data and dataproducts as geomagnetic activity indices and lists of remarkable events. Internationally distributed institutes currently derive these data products.



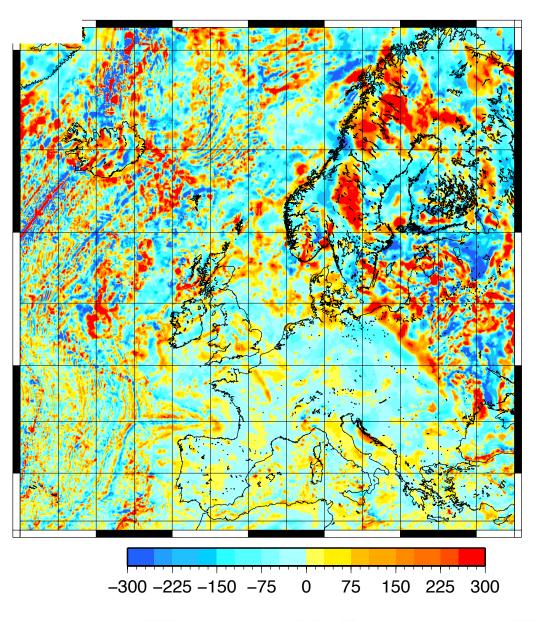
Evolution of three planetary sub-auroral geomagnetic indices during the geomagnetic storm of 8-9 September 2017, from top to bottom: *aa* and *am* (derived by EOST-Strasbourg university, France- under the licence CC:BY-NC 4.0), and *Kp* (derived by GFZ Potsdam - Germany- under the licence CC:BY 4.0). Copyright: ISGI Web site (http://isgi.unistra.fr) licence CC:BY 4.0.





WDMAM

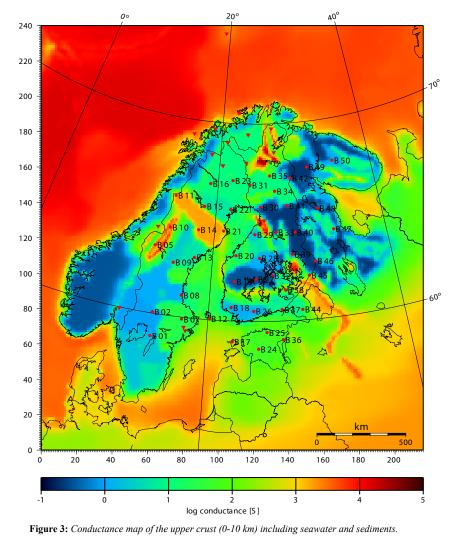
Magnetic Anomaly Map over Europe, sample of the World Digital Magnetic Anomaly Map international effort (http://www.wdmam.org/)





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EMTDAMO

The service for Magnetotelluric Data and Models is developed in close contact with its user community in IAGA Division VI: Electromagnetic Induction in the Earth and Planetary Bodies. Use case scenario include, for instance, better understanding of geomagnetically induced currents (GIC) effects, which affects society as a whole, would benefit from the possibility to exchange seamlessly the data between space and earth observations, including time series and models.



Accurate GIC estimation on regional scale

Require both detailed 3D conductivity model and realistic source current system, i.e. geomagnetic data.

Gridded electric field at the Earth's surface can then be accurately estimated

and enter into estimation of GIC currents.

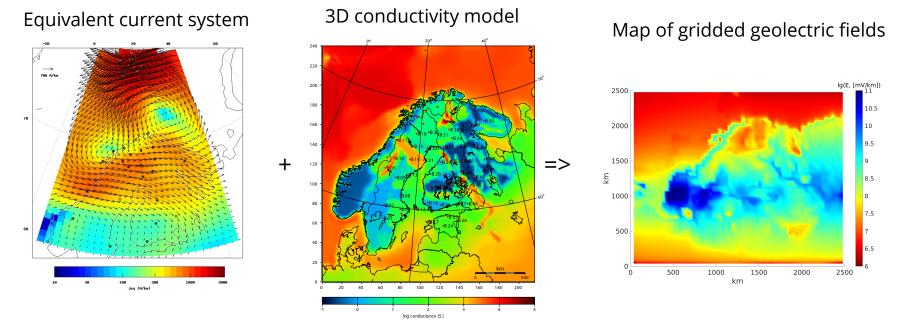


Figure 3: Conductance map of the upper crust (0-10 km) including seawater and sediments.







Why do we need metadata standard



We won't always be around to explain our work in person.

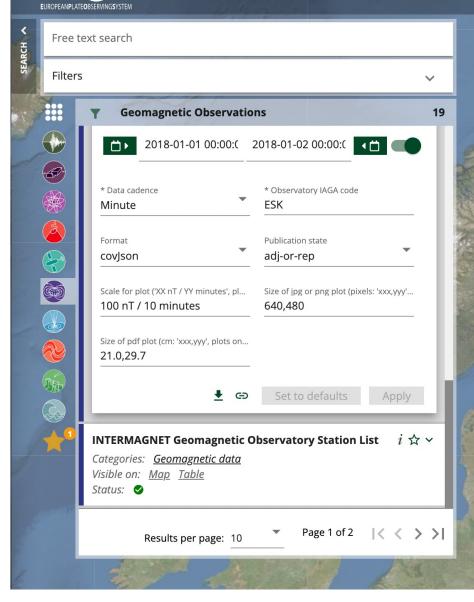


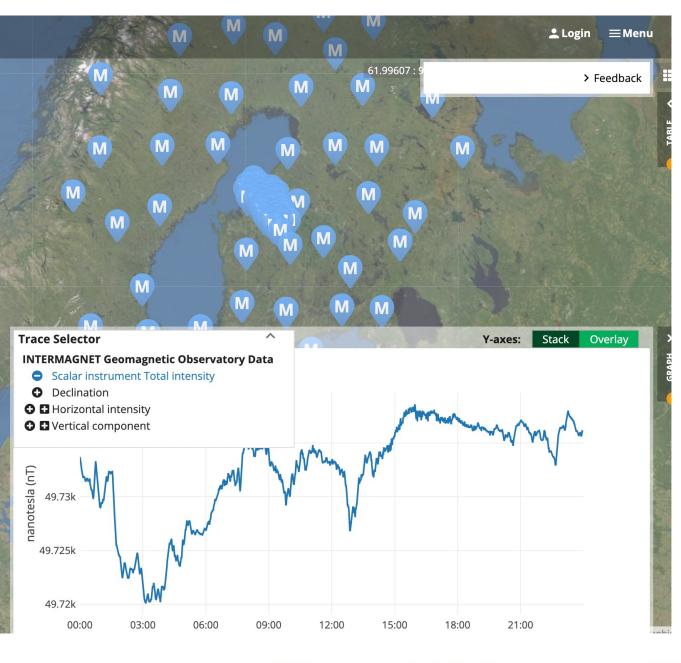
Are we doing as good a job to record our work in the digital age as was done by observatories creating year books?



Common exchange format for observatory data and magnetotelluric data were developed.

O Testing Version ^{1.0.2}







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To be continued...



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